

HarshLab

An advanced floating laboratory for the validation and experimentation of materials, components and equipment in real offshore environment



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- June 22nd 2022Bizkaia Aretoa (Bilbao)





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- HarshLab is Europe's first offshore floating laboratory for the evaluation of materials and components in real offshore environment.
- A first prototype installed in Bimep area in **Sept. 2018**, in 2022 has been replaced by the final version
- > Designed in **a two stages strategy**, sharing the same mooring system:





- ✓ Small components and probes testing
- ✓ Immersion, splash and atmospheric zones
- ✓ No electric supply

- ✓ Bigger and fully functional equipment and components testing
- ✓ Additional exposition zones: **seabed** and **confined** ₄
- ✓ Connected to Bimep's submarine cable (2023)







TECHNICAL SHEET HarshLab2.0

Dimensions: 8,5 m diameter; 7,0 m high, 120tons

Capacity

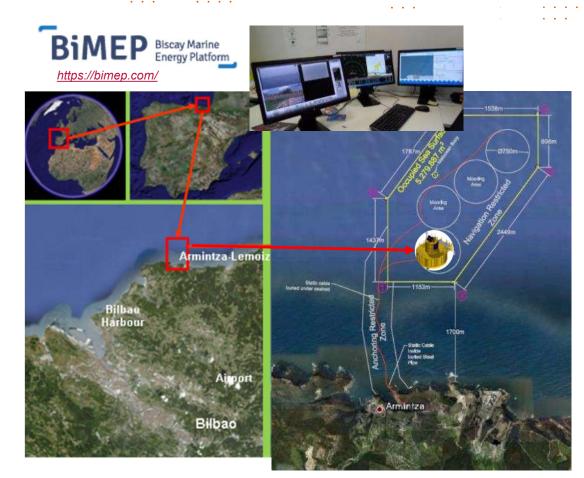
- → Exposition of more than **2000 samples** in atmospheric, splash and immersion zones
- → Space for component testing: 120 m² (60 m² outdoor deck, 57 m² in hold)
- → Main crane capacity: **1 ton** @ 5,25 m
- → Auxiliar davit capacity: 300 kg @ 1,5 m
- → Maximum payload: 9 ton.

Grid connected (spring 2023)

- → Umbilical cable for power and communications
- → Connected to BiMEP's submarine grid at 690V/160 kVA
- → Internal working voltage: alternating current at 400V and 230V, and direct current at 24V and 12V
- → Local photovoltaic and batteries system for feeding essential equipment onboard (AIS, lantern, etc)
- $\,\to\,$ Designed for connecting third party devices testing in BiMEP area to the submarine grid.

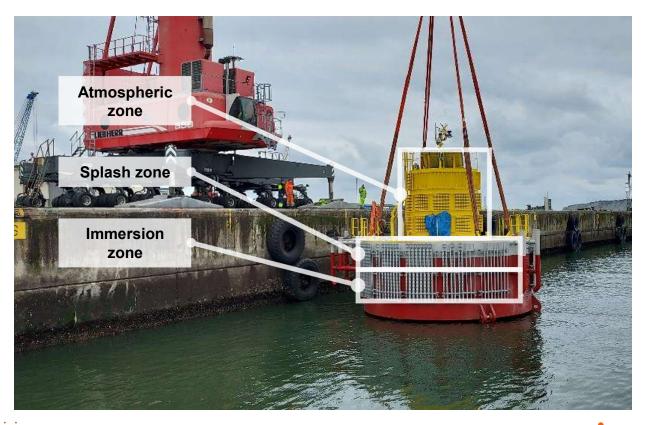


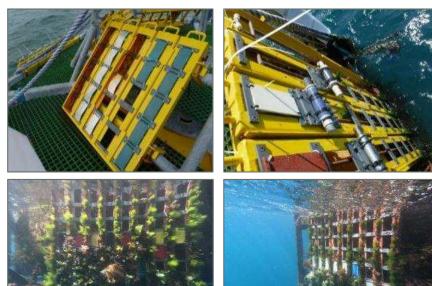
- Bimep is an infrastructure for testing and demonstrating prototype devices for harnessing ocean energy.
- Located in the Gulf of Biscay, **1,6 nautical miles** away from the village of Armintza (Bizkaia, Spain)
- > 5.3 km² total surface area.
- > Fully equipped with **subsea infrastructure** for onshore grid connection:
 - 13,2 kV 5 MW subsea export cables.
 - Research and Data Centre (Monitoring and control system)
 - 24/7 surveillance



Well communicated with Armintza's port: quick access while ensuring 100% offshore conditions.

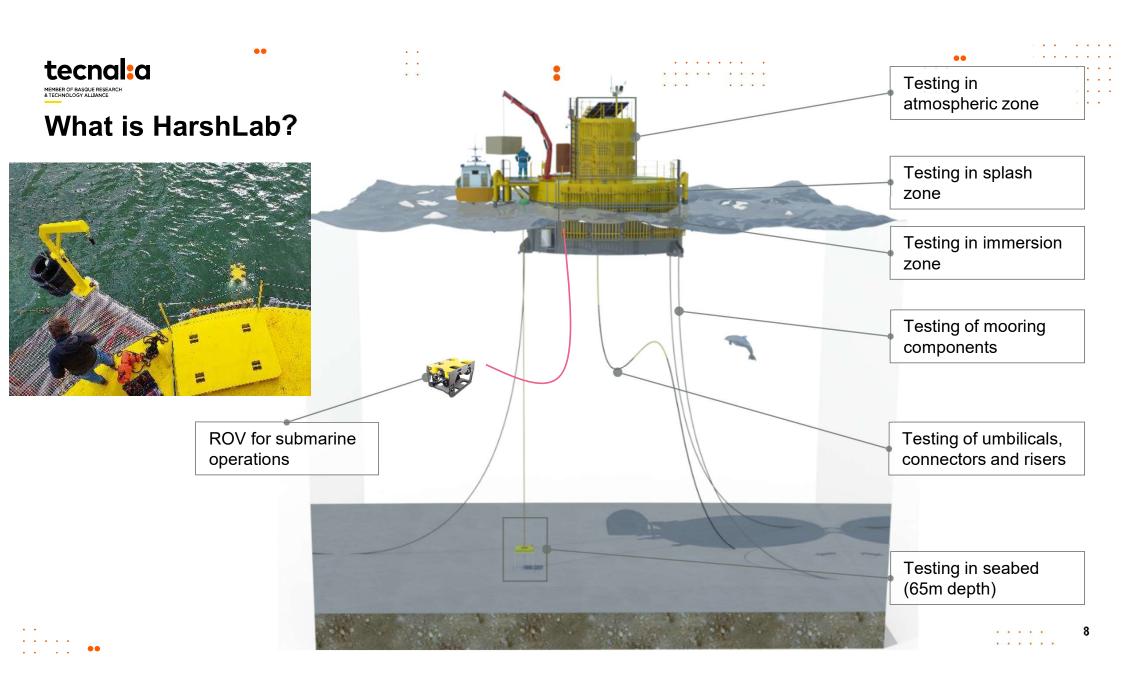






Up to **2000 samples** can be tested at the same time:

- 585 in atmospheric zone
- 704 in splash
- 704 in immersion





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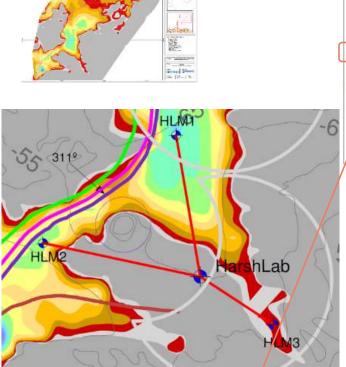
Commissioning HarshLab

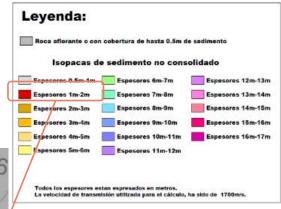
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Commissioning HarshLab

Challenging sea bottom environment: mixed sandy-rocky seabed at 65m depth















Commissioning HarshLab

Mooring and anchoring system specifically designed for Bimep's seabed conditions, it's composed by 3 mooring lines, each of them composed by:

- Steel wire
 - Steel Wire DN=90mm
 - Total length 70+70+24.5+36.7 = 201.2 m
- Chain
 - Studless R4S, DN=70mm;
 - Total length 332+436+172+8.7 = 948.7 m
- Chain
 - Studlink R4, DN=76mm;
 - **100m for each line** (100x3 = 300m in total)
- Drag Embedment Anchors (STEVSHARK ©REX from VRYHOF)
 - Mass = 4.5+2.4(R)-3.5(FR)-3.5(FL) Tons

CoreMarine supported the design of the maneuvers and logistics for installation















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Monitoring HarshLab

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Monitoring HarshLab

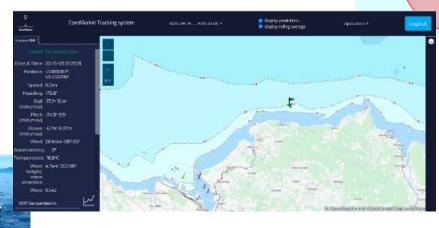
Position and behaviour

Remote surveillance of HarshLab through three strategies:

1. BiMEP control centre



2. GPS based tracker onboard





3. ZuniSOS

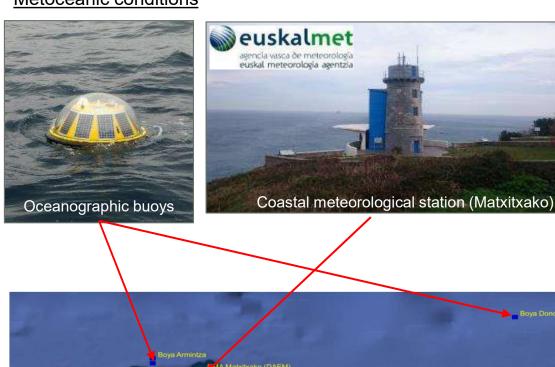






Monitoring HarshLab

Metoceanic conditions







Monitoring HarshLab

METEOROLOGICAL DATA



- Annual precipitation:1500 mm/year..
- → Mean interannual temperature: 13°C.
- → Average interannual max temperature: 16°C.
- Average interannual min temperature: 10°C.
- → Average insolation: 1825 hours/year.
- → Average annual wetting time (Hr>80%, T^a>0°): 5.690 hours

OCEANOGRAPHIC DATA



SPECIES



MAIN IDENTIFIED BIOFOULING

- → Water temperature min/max: 11°C (Jan) -22°C (Aug).
- → Significant wave height min/med/max: 1,15 m / 1,67 m / 9,62 m.
- → Average salinity: 35 USP.
- → Average dissolved O₂: 6 mL/l.
- → Average transmittance: 88%

- → Bryozoan
- → Perforatus perforatus
- → Anomia ephippium
- → Hiatella arctica
- → Mytilus galloprovincialis
- **→** ...

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Testing at HarshLab

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CORROSION TESTING

Atmospheric and splash zones have a corrosivity classification of **CX**. Immersion zone is classified as **Im2**, so both ensure the highest corrosion rate.



AGEING TESTING

Not only nude and coated metallic surfaces can be tested in our platform, but also other non-metallic materials that need to withstand harsh marine conditions while maintaining their properties (flexibility, aesthetic, etc).



TESTING OF **OFFSHORE COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS**

Telecommunications via cable, meteorological station, GPS based tracking system, submarine modem for communications of submerged devices with Surface and a small ROV for inspections.

ANTIFOULING SOLUTIONS

BiMEP is an open sea area especially prone to biofouling growth, so test immersion and splash zones of HarshLab are particularly suitable for testing experimental antifouling solutions under real offshore conditions.



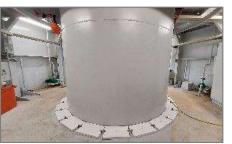
HarshLab offers two available connectors in the hull, which poses an excellent opportunity for the validation of innovative connection systems in real conditions before they enter in service.



Able to host validation of grid connected prototypes in service in immersion, deck or in hold.









Not limited to testing probes, but **open to other research activities.** Some examples:

- > Tracker system for navigation and monitoring floating structures
- Submarine identification and communication systems
- Testing novel sensors for offshore applications
- New methodologies for mooring offshore structures
- Testing submarine handling systems
- Novel oceanographic radars
- **>** ...







- ✓ Open to any company or research organization interested in performing ageing test in real offshore environment, both in public funded (eg: H2020) and private projects.
- Many private partners tested or are testing their materials and components
- Tecnalia is testing its own developments in HarshLab as well, including two patents on new coatings
- ✓ More than samples already tested, along with other prototypes































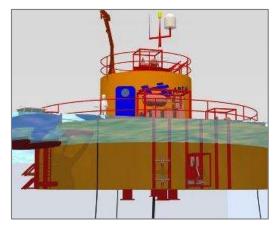








Some R&D projects performed so far:



Technologies for the design, advance manufacturing and validation of components for energy facilities in offshore environments (HARSH).

http://www.clusterenergia.com/harsh-en



Marine renewables Infrastructure network for enhancing energy technologies (MaRINET 2)

http://www.marinet2.eu/



Next Evolution in Materials and Models for Ocean Energy (NEMMO). http://nemmo.eu/



Innovation Ecosystem to Accelerate the industrial uptake of advanced surface nano-technologies. https://www.newskin-oitb.eu/

Funding organisms



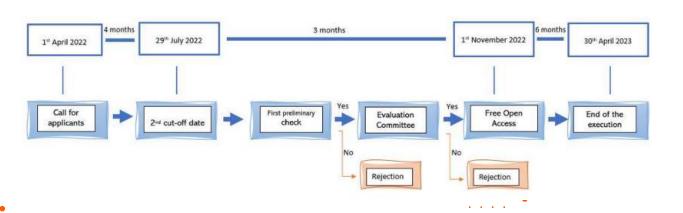






Open Calls in Newskin OITB

- ✓ The NewSkin project aims to create an Open Innovation Test Bed (OITB) to provide the European Innovation Ecosystem with the necessary technologies, resources and services to uptake a set of game-changing, efficient and cost-effective innovative processes to manufacture nano-enabled industrial and consumer products, as well as the necessary testing capabilities to demonstrate the features of nano-enhanced goods.
- ✓ A total of 4 different Open Calls for applicants will be completed.
- ✓ The next Open Calls application deadlines are scheduled in July 2022, December 2022 and June 2023.





Second Open Call is **closing on July 29**th! More info at.

https://platform.newskinoitb.eu/pages/open-calls

Contact us for further info



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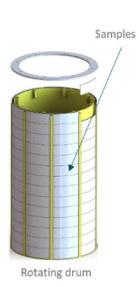
Real-environment tests beyond HarshLab

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DANTE (Dynamic Antifouling Test)

- > Testing antifouling coatings under static and dynamic conditions
- ➤ Performing test under **ASTM 4939-89 (2020)** Subjecting marine antifouling coating to biofouling and fluid shear forces in natural seawater:
 - Running in HarshLab, moored in the port of Bilbao
 - Speed of up to 15 knots
 - Max capacity: around 120 samples
- > Expected to be fully functional by the end of 2022





Size samples	Value	units
High	150	mm
Wide	80	mm
Surface	12.000	mm2





DANTE (Dynamic Antifouling Test)

- > Detailed design of Dynamic Antifouling Testing rig (**DANTE**) under work
- > To be installed in the former version of HarshLab, moored in the Port of Bilbao





Floating dock at Pasaia

- Estuarine port conditions with a mix of sea water (Bay of Biscay) and fresh water (Oiartzun river).
- Immersion zone in floating jetty (no tidal).
- **Easy access** and **monitoring** of environmental parameters.
- > Average environmental conditions:

•	Salinity:	27,4 usp
•	Water temperature:	16,8 °C
•	Dissolved oxygen:	69,0 % sat

pH: 8,0Transparency: 1,1m

Due to its high nutrient loads and high-water retention time, the growth of biofouling is very quick.



















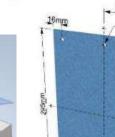
PLOCAN (Plataforma Oceánica de Canarias)

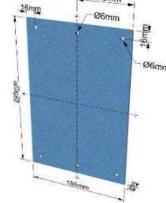
- > Collaboration agreement signed between PLOCAN and Tecnalia
- > Subtropical climate in the mouth of Taliarte's port (Atlantic Ocean)
- > A total of **140 samples** in **splash**, **tidal** and **immersion** zones.
- > Oceanographic station nearby















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Testing at the lab

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Testing at the lab

Offshore test are only part of a wider variety of corrosion tests in the lab, climatic chambers or under mechanical solicitation to be performed according to standardized or specific demands, including:

Accelerated testing



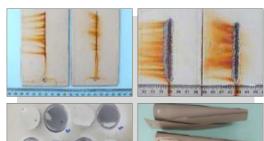
- → Salt spray, Cyclic testing, Kesternich Test
- Climatic chambers
- → Condensation testing (humidity)
- → Accelerated weathering test (UV-Condensation)
- → Immersion and alternate Immersion test
- Solid particle impingement test.

General corrosion testing facilities



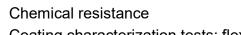
- → General, pitting and crevice corrosion testing
- → Corrosion fatigue
- → 3 & 4 Point Bend Testing
- → Intergranular corrosion test

Coating Laboratory Testing



- → Optical microscope techniques
- → Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy
- Cathodic disbondment tests
- → Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy
- Coating Failures and Defects
- Impact test

- → Abrasion test
- → Coating characterization tests: flexibility, tensile strength and elongation, film thickness, color & gloss measurements, film hardness, film adhesion

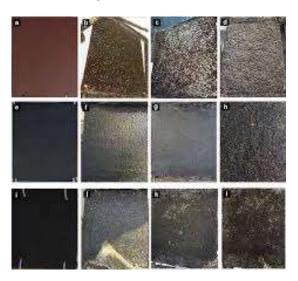




Testing at the lab

Antifouling Standards and specifications

ASTM D3623: Standard Test Method for Testing Antifouling Panels in Shallow Submergence



→ Procedure for testing antifouling compositions in shallow marine environments and a standard antifouling panel of known performance to serve as a control in antifouling studies.

→ This method is designed as a screening test in evaluating antifouling coating systems. ASTM D6990: Standard Practice for Evaluating Biofouling Resistance and Physical Performance of Marine Coating Systems



Coating systems are evaluated in terms of:

- → fouling rating, describing the percent coverage of the coating system by fouling organisms,
- physical deterioration rating, describing the percentage area of the coating system affected by physical coating damage/failure.





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